# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

Year Ended June 30, 2016



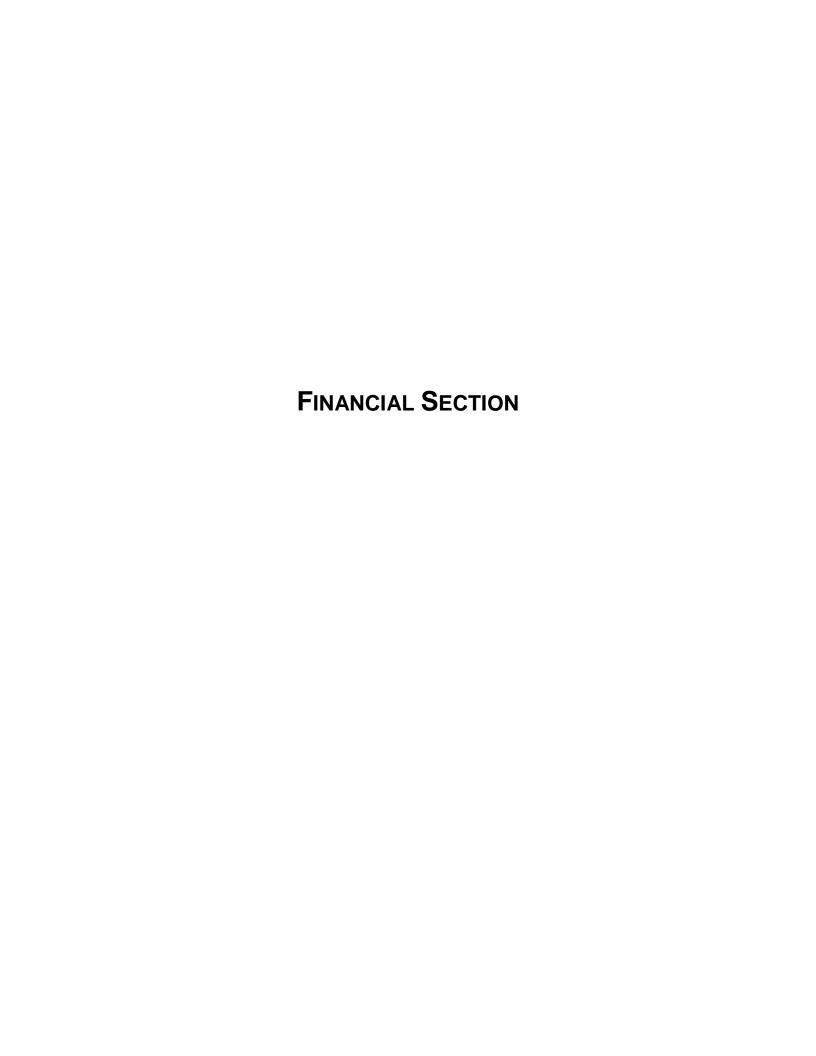




	Page
Introductory Section	
Table of Contents	1
Financial Section	
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	6
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	20
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Funds Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	22
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	23
Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Net Position	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	25
Statement of Cash Flows	26
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	28
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	29
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	30

TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Page
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule, General Fund	55
Note to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	56
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	57
Schedule of the School District's Contributions	58
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Funding Progress	59
Supplementary Information Section	
Schedule of General Fund Revenues	60
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Fiduciary Funds	61
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	62
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance	64
Supplementary Information - Major Federal Awards Programs Audit	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and Certain State Awards	67
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and Certain State Awards	70
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	71





## Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Neshaminy School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Neshaminy School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Neshaminy School District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

#### Emphasis of Matter

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Neshaminy School District adopted new accounting guidance, implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application and No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 17, budgetary comparison information on pages 55 and 56, schedule of the school district's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 57, schedule of the school district's contributions on page 58 and postemployment benefits other than pension funding progress on page 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do no express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Neshaminy School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2016, on our consideration of the Neshaminy School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Neshaminy School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oaks, Pennsylvania December 14, 2016

Maillie LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The discussion and analysis of the Neshaminy School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole, by providing additional information that is not provided in the government-wide financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and single audit report.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The School District's liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$158.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.
- Overall revenues were \$170.2 million, \$8.6 million less than expenses.
- Student enrollment has moderately increased over the last few years.
- The decrease in the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligation for the year was \$912,289.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34 and present government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements, using both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, respectively.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows for the entire School District (governmental activities and business-type activities). Net position is the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* reports the School District's expenses, revenues, depreciation and other changes in net position during the year. This report focuses on the net cost of individual functions with reconciliation between the beginning net position and the ending net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District's funds can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

• Governmental Funds. Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, Governmental Fund financial statements focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's short-term financing requirements. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the School District-wide statements, additional information to explain the relationship (or differences) between them can be found in the reconciliation statements.

The *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* reports assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance of the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

The Reconciliation of Total Governmental Funds Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities explains the differences in Governmental Funds balances reported on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and the total net position reported on the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds reports the revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

The Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities provides a reconciliation of the changes in fund balances reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the changes in net position as reported on the Statement of Activities.

• Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District maintains one Proprietary Fund Type, which is an Enterprise Fund, for food service. The Enterprise Fund is used to account for the School District's operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The cost of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis is financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans. The Food Service Fund accounts for the revenues, food purchases and other costs and expenses of providing meals to students during the school year. This fund is reported as a major fund.

The Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund reports assets, liabilities and net position for the Food Service Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund reports the revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the Food Service Fund.

The Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund reports the inflows and outflows of cash during the fiscal year for the Food Service Fund.

• **Fiduciary Funds**. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these funds to finance its operations. The School District uses an Activity Fund to account for resources held for student activities in the middle schools and high school and a Trust Fund to account for the receipts and disbursement of monies contributed to the School District for scholarships and memorials.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds reports assets and liabilities for the School District's student activity accounts and scholarship accounts.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds reports changes in net position for the School District's scholarship accounts.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As of June 30, 2016, the School District had total assets and deferred outflows of \$270.0 million with 1.4% of these assets being in cash and cash equivalents (or \$3.8 million), 21.1% (or \$57.0 million) being in investments and 60.7% (or \$164.0 million) being in the net value of land, buildings, furniture and equipment and construction in progress. The remaining 16.8% is attributed to the \$10.5 million in receivables and \$29.6 million deferred outflow related to the pensions. Changes in the capital assets include additions of \$48,495,791 and retirement of assets of \$129,928.

As of June 30, 2016, the School District had total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$428.7 million with 33.9% (or \$145.3 million) being in bonds payable, 1.2% (or \$5.0 million) being in accumulated compensated absences, 2.4% (or \$10.3 million) being in accounts payable, 0.2% (or \$.9 million) being in accrued interest and 1.7% (or \$7.2 million) being in accrued salaries and benefits. The net pension liability was \$252.0 million. The principal paid for debt service during the year was \$46.8 million.

The resulting (\$158.7) million in net position includes unrestricted net position of (\$198.2) million and \$39.5 million in net investment in capital assets. There was an increase in net investment in capital assets of 9.5% and a decrease in unrestricted net position of 6.5%. This results in an overall decrease in net position of 5.7%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# **Statement of Net Position**

		Government-Wide Activities			Total Change	
	_	2016		2015		2015-2016
Assets:	_			_		
Governmental activities:						
Other assets	\$	73,481,419	\$	117,585,576	\$	(44,104,157)
Capital assets	*	163,759,317	*	122,089,745	*	41,669,572
Total governmental assets	-	237,240,736	-	239,675,321	-	(2,434,585)
Business-type activities:	-		-		-	(=, :: :,:::)
Other assets		374,720		396,259		(21,539)
Capital assets		218,191		239,538		(21,347)
Total business-type assets	_	592,911	-	635,797	-	(42,886)
Total assets:	_	<del></del>	-	<u> </u>	-	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Other assets and deferred outflows		73,856,139		117,981,835		(44,125,696)
Capital assets		163,977,508		122,329,283		41,648,225
Total assets	_	237,833,647	_	240,311,118	-	(2,477,471)
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Governmental activities:						
Deferred outflows of resources, pension activity		29,096,000		27,592,000		1,504,000
Deferred amount on refunding		2,548,974		1,571,874		977,100
Total governmental deferred outflows of resources	_	31,644,974	_	29,163,874	-	2,481,100
Business-type activities:	_	•	-		-	-
Deferred outflows of resources, pension activity		524,000		497,000		27,000
Deferred amount on refunding		-		-		-
Total business-type deferred outflows of resources	_	524,000	_	497,000	-	27,000
Total deferred outflows of resources:	_		_		_	
Deferred outflows of resources, pension activity		29,620,000		28,089,000		1,531,000
Deferred amount on refunding	_	2,548,974	_	1,571,874	_	977,100
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	32,168,974	_	29,660,874	_	2,508,100
Liabilities:						
Governmental activities:						
Other liabilities		18,411,274		13,402,448		5,008,826
Long-term liabilities	_	404,121,256	_	386,099,087	_	18,022,169
Total governmental liabilities	_	422,532,530	_	399,501,535	-	23,030,995
Business-type activities:						
Other liabilities		99,203		33,466		65,737
Unearned revenue		37,768		29,725		8,043
Long-term liabilities	_	4,459,000	_	4,059,000	_	400,000
Total business-type liabilities	_	4,595,971	_	4,122,191	_	473,780
Total liabilities:						
Other liabilities		18,548,245		13,465,639		5,082,606
Long-term liabilities	_	408,580,256	_	390,158,087	-	18,422,169
Total liabilities	_	427,128,501	_	403,623,726	_	23,504,775

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental activities:			
Deferred inflows of resources, pension activity	1,523,000	16,107,000	(14,584,000)
Business-type activities:		·	
Deferred inflows of resources, pension activity	27,000	290,000	(263,000)
Total deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred inflows of resources, pension activity	1,550,000	16,397,000	(14,847,000)
Net Position:			
Governmental activities:			
Net investment in capital assets	39,293,647	35,834,108	3,459,539
Unrestricted net position	(194,463,467)	(182,603,448)	(11,860,019)
Total governmental net position	(155,169,820)	(146,769,340)	(8,400,480)
Business-type activities:		·	
Net investment in capital assets	218,191	239,538	(21,347)
Unrestricted net position	(3,724,251)	(3,518,932)	(205,319)
Total business-type net position	(3,506,060)	(3,279,394)	(226,666)
Total net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	39,511,838	36,073,646	3,438,192
Unrestricted net position	(198,187,718)	(186,122,380)	(12,065,338)
Total net position	\$ <u>(158,675,880)</u>	\$ <u>(150,048,734)</u>	\$ (8,627,146)

As seen in the changes in net position chart below, the School District's total revenues increased by \$1,839,796, which included a governmental activities increase of \$2,110,059 and a business-type activities decrease of \$270,263. The School District's total expenses increased by \$7,517,831 which consisted of a governmental activities increase of \$7,685,120 and a business-type activities decrease of \$167,289. This resulted in a decrease in total net position of \$8,627,146 which included a decrease in governmental activities of \$8,400,480 and a decrease in business-type activities of \$226,666.

The largest increase in general revenues was in property taxes. Property taxes increased by \$1,140,312 due to the increase of several housing developments in the district.

The largest increase in expenses was in pupil transportation. This increased by \$1,777,341 (22.3%) due to the increase in benefits, supplies, and property.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position		_				
		Government	t-Wide A			Total Change
		2016	_	2015	_	2015-2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services	\$	390,008	\$	405,799	\$	(15,791)
Operating grants and contributions		29,907,608		28,963,423		944,185
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services		1,491,335		1,829,098		(337,763)
Operating grants and contributions		1,566,659		1,499,159		67,500
General revenues:						
Governmental activities:						
Property taxes		123,292,350		122,152,038		1,140,312
Unrestricted grants and contributions		12,757,263		12,445,972		311,291
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		4,826		(4,826)
Investment earnings		202,047		509,282		(307,235)
Miscellaneous		612,562		570,439		42,123
Total governmental activities revenues forward	_	167,161,838	_	165,051,779	_	2,110,059
Total business-type activities revenues forward		3,057,994		3,328,257	_	(270,263)
Total forward		170,219,832		168,380,036		1,839,796
Expenses:		_		_		
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular		73,909,973		72,244,232		1,665,741
Special		34,081,299		33,090,484		990,815
Vocational		7,653,214		7,836,192		(182,978)
Other		1,308,691		1,038,147		270,544
Subtotal forward	\$	116,953,177	\$	114,209,055	\$	2,744,122

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Government-Wide Activities				Total Change		
	•	2016		2015		2015-2016		
			-					
Revenues:								
Total governmental activities revenues forwarded	\$	167,161,838	\$	165,051,779	\$	2,110,059		
Total business-type activities revenues forwarded		3,057,994	_	3,328,257		(270,263)		
Total forwarded		170,219,832	_	168,380,036	_	1,839,796		
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Subtotal forwarded		116,953,177		114,209,055		2,744,122		
Support services:		-,,		,,		, ,		
Pupil		7,103,234		6,526,161		577,073		
Instructional staff		3,411,758		3,659,953		(248,195)		
Administration		9,048,248		9,031,081		17,167		
Pupil health		1,762,587		1,730,332		32,255		
Business		1,879,401		1,583,802		295,599		
Operation and maintenance of plant		12,923,895		12,331,782		592,113		
Pupil transportation		9,753,861		7,976,520		1,777,341		
Central		4,132,852		3,128,703		1,004,149		
Other		119,757		109,029		10,728		
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Student activities		1,848,729		1,676,745		171,984		
Community services		890,013		445,123		444,890		
Interest on long-term debt		5,734,806	_	5,468,912	_	265,894		
Total governmental activities expenses		175,562,318		167,877,198		7,685,120		
Total business-type activities - food service		3,284,660	_	3,451,949	_	(167,289)		
Total expenses		178,846,978	-	171,329,147	_	7,517,831		
Net revenue (expense)								
Governmental activities		(8,400,480)		(2,825,419)		(5,575,061)		
Business-type activities		(226,666)		(123,692)		(102,974)		
Total of revenues over expenses	•	(8,627,146)	-	(2,949,111)	_	(5,678,035)		
,	•	(0,0=1,110)	-	(=,0 10,111)	_	(0,010,000)		
Net position - beginning:								
Governmental activities		(146,769,340)		(143,943,921)		(2,825,419)		
Business-type activities		(3,279,394)	_	(3,155,702)	_	(123,692)		
Total net position - beginning		(150,048,734)	-	(147,099,623)	_	(2,949,111)		
Net position - ending:								
Governmental activities		(155,169,820)		(146,769,340)		(8,400,480)		
Business-type activities		(3,506,060)	_	(3,279,394)		(226,666)		
Total net position - ending	\$	(158,675,880)	\$	(150,048,734)	\$ <u></u>	(8,627,146)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental Funds report the differences between their assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows as fund balance, which is reported as five components: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned. Nonspendable Fund Balance cannot be spent either because it is not in a spendable form or because it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted Fund Balance is amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Committed Fund Balance is amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Board of School Directors. This includes the budget reserve account. Assigned Fund Balance is amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purpose, as expressed by the Board of School Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of School Directors delegates the Authority. Unassigned Fund Balance is all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Fund balance in the *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* is the difference between revenue and expenditures at the end of the year, combined with the fund balance from the beginning of the year. Fund balance in the General Fund is summarized below.

	June 30,					
	_	2016	_	2015	_	Difference
Fund balance:						
Nonspendable	\$	2,201,321	\$	374,656	\$	1,826,665
Committed		14,000,000		12,000,000		2,000,000
Assigned		9,639,245		12,222,448		(2,583,203)
Unassigned		14,193,683	_	17,129,174	_	(2,935,491)
Total fund balance	\$_	40,034,249	\$_	41,726,278	\$	(1,692,029)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the fund balance decreased \$1,692,029 from the prior year's balance. The decrease in fund balance is primarily attributable to an unfavorable variance of budget to actual results in the following categories: Salaries, benefits, purchased professional and technical services, and other purchased services. Non-emergency spending of expenditures were frozen in February 2015, which helped control the fund balance.

The fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$47,207,514. This was due to the use of the bond issue funds received for the new elementary school construction project and the guaranteed energy savings agreement (GESA). This decreased total assets by \$41,935,628. The Capital Projects Fund balance is restricted for use with the capital projects only.

# **Proprietary Fund**

The Proprietary Fund is an Enterprise Fund (Food Service Fund) that accounts for the revenues, food purchases and other costs and expenses of providing meals to students during the school year. This fund is reported as a major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Fund net position in the *Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund* is the difference between assets and liabilities at the end of the year. Total net position is summarized below.

	June 30,					
		2016		2015	_	Difference
Fund net position:						
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	1,487,431	\$	1,523,093	\$	(35,662)
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	_	4,993,491	_	4,802,487	_	191,004
Net investment in capital assets		218,191		239,538		(21,347)
Unrestricted	_	(3,724,251)	_	(3,518,932)	_	(205,319)
Total net position	\$_	(3,506,060)	\$	(3,279,394)	\$	(226,666)

As of June 30, 2016, the Food Service Fund had (\$3,506,060) in net position. The decrease of \$226,666 was due to an increase in the net pension liability and an increase of unrestricted net position.

The food service revenues in 2015-2016 were 8.1% less than the previous year. Some of the major decreases were student sales, the value of donated commodities and subsidies-state lunch. These decreases were offset by increases in adult sales, subsidies-federal breakfast, and subsidies-federal lunch.

The expenses in 2015-2016 were 5.0% less than the previous year. Some of the major decreases were in salaries and payroll benefits expense and equipment repairs and maintenance. These decreases were offset by increases in supplies expense, food costs, and depreciation expense.

## Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary Funds consist of the Private-Purpose Trust Funds and the Activity Fund. The Trust Fund accounts are the receipts and disbursement of monies contributed to the District for scholarships and memorials. The balance for 2015-2016 was \$96,686, which was \$2,289 less than the previous year due to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents. The Activity Funds are used for the Student Activity Fund accounts for student activities in the high school and middle schools.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Variances between the original 2015-2016 budget and the final year-end budget were due to transfers done throughout the year and federal, state and local grants. The grant budgets are increased as grants are awarded. These are not expected to have a significant effect on future services or liquidity.

The final revenue budget was \$1,414,024 over the original budget. This was due to \$1,414,024 in grants awarded during the fiscal year. The negative variance of actual revenues with the final budget of \$1,087,996 is primarily the result of real estate transfer tax and real estate taxes current.

The increase of \$1,414,024 in the final expenditure budget over the original budget is due to additional expenditures budgeted to take advantage of additional funding from the state grants awarded during the fiscal year. The positive variance of actual expenditures with the final budget of \$7,249,459 is primarily the result of the following factors: Savings of salaries and benefits \$4,427,468; purchased property services \$522,862; other purchased services \$640,291; general supplies \$1,023,346; property \$268,930; and other objects \$783,383.

#### **Transfers**

There was a transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund of \$500,000 to fund future capital projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The School District's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary Fund capital assets are also reported in their fund financial statements.

For the year ended 2016, the School District had \$163,759,317 in capital assets, less depreciation. The additions and retirements, less depreciation, were \$17,468,282 and construction in progress increased \$24,201,290. For the year ended 2016, food service had \$218,191 in capital assets, less depreciation. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note F to the financial statements.

# Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		Governme		Total Change		
		2016		2015	_	2015-2016
Land and improvements	\$	4,207,505	\$	4,207,505	\$	-
Buildings and building improvements		116,761,538		99,418,789		17,342,749
Furniture and equipment		10,602,838		10,477,305		125,533
Construction in progress	_	32,187,436	_	7,986,146	_	24,201,290
Total capital assets	\$_	163,759,317	\$	122,089,745	\$_	41,669,572
		Business-Type Activities				Total Change
	_	2016		2015	_	2015-2016
Furniture and equipment	\$_	218,191	\$	239,538	\$_	(21,347)

#### **Debt Administration**

In the government-wide and Proprietary Fund financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities.

For the year ended 2016, the School District had \$134,010,000 in general obligation bonds, of which \$3,310,000 is due within one year. Additional information on the School District's bonds payable can be found in Note H to the basic financial statements.

#### **Bonds Payable**

	Governmental Activities					Total Change	
		2016		2015		2015-2016	
Series of 2006	\$	-	\$	34,300,000	\$	(34,300,000)	
Series B of 2007		-		8,755,000		(8,755,000)	
Series of 2012		9,225,000		9,395,000		(170,000)	
Series of 2013		4,505,000		5,835,000		(1,330,000)	
Series A of 2015		28,775,000		28,780,000		(5,000)	
Series B of 2015		51,645,000		51,770,000		(125,000)	
Series C of 2015		30,615,000		-		30,615,000	
Series of 2016		9,245,000		_	_	9,245,000	
Total bonds payable	\$	134,010,000	\$_	138,835,000	\$_	(4,825,000)	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **MAJOR FINANCIAL ISSUES**

Most of the major financial issues addressed by the School District during the past year were a continuation of annual or ongoing events that began in the prior year. Among these events are state funding and the pension program.

## State Funding

The Governor's 2015-2016 budget for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania had a slight increase for the basic education funding. This increase started to restore previous cuts to the basic education funding.

The state also had a slight increase to the special education funding.

The state's share of instruction expenditures has dropped from 54.2% in 1971-72 to 37.1% in 2015-2016.

0	1971-72	54.2%	0	1991-92	40.3%
0	1987-88	43.2%	0	2015-16	37.1%

#### **Pension Program**

The Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) board has increased the employer retirement rate from 21.4 percent to 25.84 percent of salaries for 2015-16 and this is approximately a \$3 million increase. This will be a growing financial issue for many years until there is some type of pension reform.

## Comprehensive Plan

The School District has developed a Comprehensive Plan, which was formerly known as the Strategic Plan. The Comprehensive Plan was mandated by the State as a requirement of every district to have a system in place to monitor our Academic Standards and Assessment. This is a visionary roadmap for the district and the planning includes the community stakeholders.

The Neshaminy community is committed to implementing the following goals:

- Student Achievement Curriculum and Instruction
  - We will establish a district system that fully ensures consistent implementation of standards aligned curricula across all schools for all students and effective instructional practices across all classrooms in each school.
- Student Centered and Community Focused
  - We will establish a district system that fully ensures barriers to student learning are addressed in order to increase student achievement and graduation rates.
- Financial Responsibility and Fiscal Resiliency
  - We will establish a system that fully ensures that the district's resources effectively address instructional priorities aligned with the district's vision and mission.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

## **Labor Relations**

The professional staff of the Neshaminy School District is represented by the Neshaminy Federation of Teachers, an affiliation of the Pennsylvania Federation of Teachers. This group has the responsibility of bargaining for these employees. The School District and Neshaminy Federation of Teachers settled the contract in November 2016, retroactive to July 2016, and this will be in effect through June 2019.

The support staff of the Neshaminy School District is represented by the Neshaminy Educational Support Personnel Association, an affiliation of the Pennsylvania State Educational Support Personnel Association. The contract ended on June 30, 2014, and the School District and Neshaminy Educational Support Personnel Association settled on a new contract that will be in effect through June 30, 2018.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

#### **Mission Statement**

The District is dedicated to empowering students to become accountable, creative, self-aware, and productive citizens who utilize the knowledge, the skills, the social consciousness, and the desire for continuous learning. Our Neshaminy community has a proud tradition of integrating its people, its programs, and its resources.

In order to carry out the mission and objectives of the School District, the Board, administration and public are continually exploring new and improved vehicles by which the School District will be the **BEST** in providing for the educational needs of its students. The School District is constantly designing methods to maintain our educational excellence while cutting unnecessary spending on those items or services, which will not ultimately benefit the student. Internal controls and constant monitoring of procedures and policies help to ensure the best educational environment for any student here at Neshaminy. Not only is the School District searching for increases in funding, as are all school districts, but we are searching for innovative alternatives to the funding of a school district. Some avenues which the School District is currently exploring are the use of Parent Teacher Organizations, sponsorship from private corporations and donated services to the school district for a variety of educational needs. We will continue to investigate alternatives as well as tax reform to lessen the burden of increases in real estate taxes in subsequent years on the average homeowner in the School District.

The Neshaminy Board of School Directors, administration and the public are committed to meeting the challenges of the present and future conditions to establish the "best education possible" while maintaining fiscal responsibility to the taxpayers.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		Governmental	Е	Business-Type		
	_	Activities	_	Activities	_	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,559,488	\$	207,281	\$	3,766,769
Investments	φ	57,005,170	φ	201,201	φ	57,005,170
Taxes receivable, net		3,507,179				3,507,179
Internal balances		370,520		(370,520)		3,307,179
Due from other governments		4,444,053		376,733		4,820,786
Other receivables, net		2,186,352		8,466		2,194,818
Inventories		122,785		152,760		275,545
Prepaid expenses		2,285,872		-		2,285,872
Capital assets		2,200,072				2,200,012
Land and site improvements		4,207,505		-		4,207,505
Buildings and building improvements		201,296,550		-		201,296,550
Furniture and equipment		41,510,840		1,161,564		42,672,404
Construction in progress		32,187,436		-		32,187,436
Accumulated depreciation		(115,443,014)		(943,373)		(116,386,387)
TOTAL ASSETS	_	237,240,736	_	592,911	-	237,833,647
	_	201,210,100	_	002,0	_	201,000,011
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources, pension activity		29,096,000		524,000		29,620,000
Deferred amount on refunding		2,548,974		-		2,548,974
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_		_		_	
OF RESOURCES		31,644,974		524,000		32,168,974
	_		_		_	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		10,191,594		99,203		10,290,797
Accrued salaries and benefits		7,211,608		-		7,211,608
Accrued interest		900,296		-		900,296
Due to other governments		13,155		-		13,155
Unearned revenue		-		37,768		37,768
Other current liabilities		88,935		-		88,935
Self-insurance liability		5,686		-		5,686
Long-term liabilities						
Portion due or payable within one year						
Bonds payable		4,095,450		-		4,095,450
Compensated absences		502,074		-		502,074
Portion due or payable after one year						
Bonds payable		141,169,369		-		141,169,369
Compensated absences		4,518,663		-		4,518,663
Net pension liability		247,506,000		4,459,000		251,965,000
Other postemployment benefits		6,329,700		=		6,329,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES		422,532,530		4,595,971	_	427,128,501
	_					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources, pension activity	_	1,523,000	_	27,000	_	1,550,000
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		39,293,647		218,191		39,511,838
Unrestricted		(194,463,467)		(3,724,251)		(198,187,718)
	_	(,, )	_	(-,,)	-	( , )
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	(155,169,820)	\$_	(3,506,060)	\$_	(158,675,880)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program Revenues					
						Operating		Capital
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs	-	Expenses	_	Services	_	Contributions		Contributions
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction								
Regular programs	\$	73,909,973	\$	-	\$	12,208,051	\$	-
Special programs		34,081,299		94,398		7,853,914		-
Vocational education		7,653,214		12,050		=		-
Other instructional programs		1,308,691		127,027		7,499,040		-
Support services								
Pupil personnel services		7,103,234		=		=		-
Instructional staff services		3,411,758		=		26,897		-
Administration services		9,048,248		=		=		-
Pupil health services		1,762,587		=		184,724		-
Business services		1,879,401		=		=		-
Operation and maintenance of plant								
services		12,923,895		=		=		-
Student transportation services		9,753,861		=		1,287,788		-
Central services		4,132,852		=		=		-
Other services		119,757		-		=		-
Operation of non-instructional services								
Student activities		1,848,729		59,088		=		-
Community services		890,013		97,445		=		-
Interest on long-term debt		5,734,806		-		847,194		-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL					_			
ACTIVITIES	_	175,562,318	_	390,008	_	29,907,608	_	-
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Food service		3,284,660		1,491,335		1,565,899		-
			_		_			
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT								
ACTIVITIES	\$_	178,846,978	\$	1,881,343	\$	31,473,507	\$	
	=		=		=			

#### **GENERAL REVENUES**

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
	Governmental		Business-Type				
	Activities		Activities		Totals		
\$	(61,701,922)	\$	-	\$	(61,701,922)		
	(26,132,987)		-		(26,132,987)		
	(7,641,164)		=		(7,641,164)		
	6,317,376		-		6,317,376		
	(7,103,234)		-		(7,103,234)		
	(3,384,861)		-		(3,384,861)		
	(9,048,248)		-		(9,048,248)		
	(1,577,863)		-		(1,577,863)		
	(1,879,401)		-		(1,879,401)		
	(12,923,895)		-		(12,923,895)		
	(8,466,073)		=		(8,466,073)		
	(4,132,852)		=		(4,132,852)		
	(119,757)		-		(119,757)		
	(1,789,641)		-		(1,789,641)		
	(792,568)		=		(792,568)		
	(4,887,612)		-	-	(4,887,612)		
	(145,264,702)		-		(145,264,702)		
			(227.426)		(227.426)		
			(227,426)	-	(227,426)		
	(145,264,702)		(227,426)	-	(145,492,128)		
	123,292,350		-		123,292,350		
	12,757,263		-		12,757,263		
	202,047		760		202,807		
	612,562		-		612,562		
•	136,864,222		760		136,864,982		
	(8,400,480)		(226,666)		(8,627,146)		
	(146,769,340)		(3,279,394)		(150,048,734)		
\$	(155,169,820)	\$	(3,506,060)	\$	(158,675,880)		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	<del>-</del>	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable, net Due from other funds Due from other governments Other receivables, net Inventories Prepaid items	\$	804,943 41,509,540 3,507,179 455,449 4,444,053 2,179,861 122,785 2,078,536	\$ 2,754,545 15,495,630 - - - 6,491 - 207,336	\$ 3,559,488 57,005,170 3,507,179 455,449 4,444,053 2,186,352 122,785 2,285,872
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	55,102,346	\$ 18,464,002	\$ 73,566,348
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable  Due to other funds  Due to other governments  Self-insurance liability  Accrued salaries and benefits  Other current liabilities  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	4,977,294 - 13,155 5,686 7,211,608 88,935 12,296,678	\$ 5,214,300 84,929 - - - - - 5,299,229	\$ 10,191,594 84,929 13,155 5,686 7,211,608 88,935 17,595,907
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues, property taxes		2,771,419		2,771,419
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Inventories Prepaid items Restricted for capital projects Committed to PSERS		122,785 2,078,536 - 14,000,000	- - 13,164,773 -	122,785 2,078,536 13,164,773 14,000,000
Assigned to Capital projects Operating expenditures Subsequent year's budget Technological infrastructure Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>-</u>	2,000,000 34,080 5,805,165 1,800,000 14,193,683 40,034,249	- - - - - 13,164,773	2,000,000 34,080 5,805,165 1,800,000 14,193,683 53,199,022
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>_</u>	55,102,346	\$ 18,464,002	\$ 73,566,348

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2016

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCES	\$	53,199,022
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land and site improvements		4,207,505
Buildings and building improvements		201,296,550
Furniture and equipment		41,510,840
Construction in progress		32,187,436
Accumulated depreciation		(115,443,014)
Deferred amount on refunding		2,548,974
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.		27,573,000
Tanas.		, ,
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Accrued interest		(900,296)
Bonds/note payable		(134,010,000)
Bond premium, net of issuance costs		(11,254,819)
Compensated absences		(5,020,737)
Net pension liability		(247,506,000)
Other postemployment benefits		(6,329,700)
Some of the School District's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures		
and therefore are deferred in the funds.		2,771,419
	-	_,,
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$_	(155,169,820)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	General Fund	_	Capital Projects Fund	-	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Local sources	\$	124,993,407	\$	57,269	\$	125,050,676
State sources		39,626,111		-		39,626,111
Federal sources	_	2,935,545	_	-		2,935,545
TOTAL REVENUES	_	167,555,063	_	57,269		167,612,332
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		109,675,145		-		109,675,145
Support services		46,056,910		370,009		46,426,919
Operation of non-instructional services		2,426,808		-		2,426,808
Capital						
Facilities acquisition, construction and						
improvement services		683,438		47,394,774		48,078,212
Debt service						
Debt issuance cost		568,958		-		568,958
Principal		4,412,866		-		4,412,866
Interest	_	5,491,925	_	-		5,491,925
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	169,316,050	_	47,764,783		217,080,833
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(1,760,987)	_	(47,707,514)		(49,468,501)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Refunding bonds issued		41,985,000		_		41,985,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued		3,570,151		_		3,570,151
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(44,986,193)		_		(44,986,193)
Transfers in		(44,500,155)		500,000		500,000
Transfers out		(500,000)		-		(500,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	-	(000,000)	_	_	•	(000,000)
SOURCES	_	68,958	_	500,000		568,958
NET CHANCE IN FUND						
NET CHANGE IN FUND		(4 600 000)		(47 207 54 4)		(40 000 E40)
BALANCES		(1,692,029)		(47,207,514)		(48,899,543)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	41,726,278	_	60,372,287	-	102,098,565
FUND BALANCES AT END OF						
YEAR	\$_	40,034,249	\$_	13,164,773	\$	53,199,022

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	(48,899,543)
Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$48,495,791) exceeds depreciation (\$6,826,219) in the current period.		41,669,572
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the Governmental Funds. Unearned tax revenues increased by this amount this year.		(450,494)
Issuance of bonds and notes is a revenue in the Governmental Funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bonds, notes and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, Governmental Funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		3,191,042
Bond premiums provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, while discounts are uses of current financial resources in Governmental Funds. In the statement of net position, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized.		741,889
In the statement of activities, certain operating expensescompensated absences (vacations and sick leave) and other postemployment benefitsare measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the Governmental Funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).		304,711
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds:  Accrued interest not reflected in Governmental Funds Pension plan expense		237,054 (6,107,000)
The net change in the liability for the net OPEB obligation is reported in the government-wide statements but not in the Governmental Funds statements.	_	912,289
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$_	(8,400,480)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS	Enterprise Fund Food Service Fund
7.662.16	
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Inventories TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$ 207,281 8,466 376,733 152,760 745,240
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS	1,161,564 (943,373) 218,191 963,431
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources - pension activity	524,000
LIABILITIES	
Due to other funds	370,520
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	99,203 37,768
Long-term liabilities	37,700
Net pension liability	4,459,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,966,491
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred inflows of resources - pension activity	27,000
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted	218,191 (3,724,251)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (3,506,060)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund Food Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Food service revenues	\$ 1,491,335
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	1,115,659
Employee benefits	647,145
Purchased professional and technical service	2,752
Purchased property service	8,816
Other purchased service	3,522
Supplies	1,435,943
Depreciation	57,849
Other operating expenses	12,974
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,284,660
OPERATING LOSS	(1,793,325)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Earnings on investments	760
State sources	284,152
Federal sources	1,281,747
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	1,566,659
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(226,666)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	(3,279,394)
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$_(3,506,060)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	,	Enterprise Fund Food Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Payments to employees Payments to suppliers NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,309,225 (1,522,769) (1,382,005) (1,595,549)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Federal sources State sources NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	,	1,137,227 284,152 1,421,379
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition, construction and improvements of capital assets	,	(36,502)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale of investments Earnings on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		412,380 760 413,140
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		202,468
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,813
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	207,281

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund Food Service Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED	
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	\$ (1,793,325)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by	
operating activities	
Depreciation	57,849
Pension expense	110,000
Donated foods	144,520
(Increase) decrease in	
Accounts receivable	(190,154)
Inventories	21,557
Increase (decrease) in	
Due to other funds	(19,776)
Accounts payable	65,737
Unearned revenue	8,043
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ <u>(1,595,549)</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES  Noncash activities  Donated foods	\$ 144,520

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Private- Purpose Trust Funds	Activity Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 9,093 \$ 90,443	561,449 -
TOTAL ASSETS	99,536 \$	561,449
LIABILITIES		
Scholarships payable	2,850 \$	-
Due to student groups	<del>-</del> _	561,449
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,850	561,449
NET POSITION		
Assets held in trust for other purposes	\$ <u>96,686</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Private- Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS Investment earnings	\$_	316
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships awarded	_	2,605
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,289)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	98,975
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$_	96,686

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Neshaminy School District (the "School District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the School District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (1) the School District's ability to impose its will over a component unit or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the School District. This report presents the activities of the Neshaminy School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity nor does it have any component units.

## **Basis of Presentation and Accounting**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the Proprietary Fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which Governmental Funds financial statements are prepared. Governmental Funds financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for Governmental Funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements.

**Fund Financial Statements** - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of Governmental and Proprietary Funds financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. The financial statements for Governmental Funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The Proprietary Fund Type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The Proprietary Fund distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the School District's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Fund include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Trust Funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, certain revenue sources are deemed both measureable and available (i.e., collectible within the current year or within 60 days from year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). This includes property taxes, interest earnings, real estate transfer taxes and certain fees for services. Revenues for state and federally funded projects are recognized at the time the expenditures are made or when received in advance.

## **Fund Accounting**

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Funds

**General Fund** - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Pennsylvania.

**Capital Projects Fund** - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and improvements in accordance with the applicable general obligation bond agreements.

## **Proprietary Fund**

**Food Service Fund** - The Food Service Fund is used to account for operations (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Funds

**Private-Purpose Trust Funds and Activity Fund** - The Private-Purpose Trust and Activity Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals. The Activity Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Trust Funds are used for the resources of the various scholarships whose sole purpose is to provide annual scholarships to particular students as prescribed by donor stipulations.

The Agency Funds account for the assets held as an agent for the various student activities.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### **Investments**

Statutes authorize the School District to invest in: 1) obligations, participations and other instruments of any Federal agency, 2) repurchase agreements with respect to U.S. Treasury bills or obligations, 3) negotiable certificates of deposit, 4) bankers' acceptances, 5) commercial paper, 6) shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, and 7) savings or demand deposits. The specific conditions under which the District may invest in these categories are detailed in Pennsylvania Act No. 53 of 1973, as amended by Pennsylvania Act No. 10 of 2016. Investments are stated at fair value.

Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust Funds are invested in accordance with Section 440.1 of the School Code. Each school district owns a pro rata share of each investment or deposit which is held in the name of the fund.

Under Act No. 72, enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the funds deposited with the various banks are permitted to be secured on a pooled basis with all other public funds which the banking institution has on deposit. These may be bonds of the United States, any state of the United States, or bonds of any political subdivision of Pennsylvania or the general state authority or their authorities created by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or insured with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The market value of such bonds pledged must equal 120% of the funds deposited. The security pledged by the various depositories utilized during the year and at June 30, 2016, was in excess of the minimum requirements just described.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The School District has adopted GASB Statements No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application and No. 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. In accordance with these Statements, investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair value and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values. Investments in qualifying external investment pools are reported at amortized cost basis.

#### Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, transactions may occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the Governmental Funds balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position, except for amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which, when present, are shown as internal balances.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory of food and milk in the Food Service Fund consists of supplies purchased and donated foods received from the federal government. Donated foods are valued at their fair market value in accordance with the *Manual of Accounting for Pennsylvania School Systems - Food Service Fund*. Food and supplies are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of Governmental Funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses/items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses are reported under the purchase method.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The School District defines a capital asset as an asset with an initial, individual cost equal to or greater than \$4,000 or purchased with debt proceeds. The asset must also have an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

•	Years
Buildings and building improvements Furniture and equipment	10-45 5-20

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Fund Type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or Proprietary Fund Type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Self-Insurance

The School District is self-insured for workers' compensation. The School District accounts for its self-insurance program in the General Fund.

The School District has accrued \$5,686 in the General Fund representing incurred but unreported claims for the workers' compensation program.

#### Compensated Absences

It is the School District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. These benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in Governmental Funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred outflow related to pension activity and the deferred charge on refunding, both reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition prices. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflow related to pension activity is the result of changes in the School District's proportionate share of the total plan from year to year, the difference between actual employer contributions and the School District's proportionate share of total contributions, and actual contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenues, property taxes is reported only in the Governmental Funds balance sheet. The Governmental Funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, state grants and federal programs. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item, deferred inflows related to pension activity, are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The deferred inflow related to pension activity is the result of differences between projected and actual investment earnings. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### GASB Statement No. 54

The School District previously, through *Policy 702 Fund Balance*, adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the Governmental Funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because
  of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or
  creditors.
- **Committed** Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal resolution by the Board of School Directors.
- Assigned Amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purpose, as expressed by the Board of School Directors or by the Business Administrator to which the Board of School Directors has delegated the authority.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Restricted funds are used first as appropriate, followed by committed resources and then assigned resources, to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the Board of School Directors. The School District does reserve the right to first reduce unassigned fund balance to defer the use of these other classified funds. In the event that unassigned fund balance becomes zero, then assigned and committed fund balances are used in that order.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### Cash

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$4,337,311, and the bank balance was \$7,297,163. Of the bank balance, \$230,495 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining cash deposits totaling \$7,066,668 are in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF) and are uninsured. Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PSDLAF acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is subject to an independent annual audit.

**Interest Rate Risk** - The School District's investment policy limits investment maturities in accordance with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania School Code as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### **Investments**

As of June 30, 2016, the School District held the following investments:

					Ma	turitie	S
	Percentage of		Amortized		Less Than		1 to 5
Investment Type	Investments	_	Cost	_	One Year	_	Years
State Investment pools Certificates of deposit	99.83% 0.16%	\$	57,005,170 90,443	\$	51,760,170 90,443	\$	5,245,000
Octimicates of deposit	0.1070	_	30,443	_	30,440	_	
		\$ <u>_</u>	57,095,613	\$ <u>_</u>	51,850,613	\$_	5,245,000

A portion of the School District's investments is in the PSDLAF program, of which are funds similar to mutual funds. GASB Statement No. 3, Paragraph 69, provides that certain types of cash and investments, such as cash investments in a State Treasurer's investment pool or mutual fund, cannot be assigned a credit risk category because the government does not own specific securities. Therefore, the PSDLAF cash investments included in these statements will not be assigned a credit risk category. The carrying amount of these investments at June 30, 2016, is \$57,005,170. These assets maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share. PSDLAF is not SEC-registered. All investments are monitored weekly by Standard & Poor's and are subject to an independent audit on an annual basis.

Investments held with qualifying external state investment pools are valued at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79.

Certificates of deposit held by banks of \$90,443 are stated at cost plus interest earned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

#### Fair Value Measurement

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are those that lack significant observable inputs. The School District did not have any recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016.

**Credit Risk** - State law permits the School District to invest funds in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (1) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (2) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or (3) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2016, the School District's investment in the state investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

#### NOTE C - TAXES - REAL ESTATE AND OTHER

The School Board is authorized by state law to levy property taxes for School District operations, capital improvements and debt service. Property taxes are based on assessed valuations of real property within the School District.

Taxes are levied on July 1 and payable in the following periods:

Discount period	July 1 to August 31 - 2% of gross levy
	September 1 to October 31
Penalty period	October 31 to collection - 10% of gross levy
Lien date	January 15

School District taxes are billed and collected by the local elected tax collector. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE D - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2016, consisted of taxes, interest, other revenue and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered fully collectible due to the ability to lien property for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of accounts receivable by fund is as follows:

	_	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	_	Food Service Fund
Real estate taxes	\$	2,623,724	\$	_	\$	_
Real estate transfer taxes	•	247,399	·	-	·	-
Section 511 taxes		636,056		-		-
Due from other governments						
Federal sources		221,735		-		351,871
State subsidies		4,222,318		-		24,862
Other receivables		2,179,861		6,491		8,466
	\$_	10,131,093	\$_	6,491	\$_	385,199

#### NOTE E - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016, is as follows:

#### Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
General Fund General Fund	Food Service Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	370,520 84,929
		\$_	455,449

The amounts between the Food Service Fund and the General Fund are General Fund monies used to pay the salary and benefits of Food Service Fund employees. The amounts between the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund are General Fund monies used to pay for capital project expenditures.

#### Interfund Transfers

Transfer In	Transfer Out	_	Amount
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$	500,000

Funds are transferred from the General Fund to pay for equipment purchases and construction services.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	-	Balance July 1, 2015	_	Additions	_	Deletions	_	Balance June 30, 2016
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land and site improvements	\$	4,207,505	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,207,505
Construction in progress		7,986,146	_	30,768,357	_	(6,567,067)	_	32,187,436
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NOT			_		_		-	
BEING DEPRECIATED	_	12,193,651	_	30,768,357	_	(6,567,067)	_	36,394,941
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and building improvements		178,848,914		22,447,636		-		201,296,550
Accumulated depreciation	-	(79,430,125)	-	(5,104,887)	-	<del>-</del>	-	(84,535,012)
TOTAL BUILDINGS AND BUILDING		00 440 700		47.040.740				440 704 500
IMPROVEMENTS, net	-	99,418,789	-	17,342,749	_	(400,000)	-	116,761,538
Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation		39,793,903		1,846,865		(129,928)		41,510,840
TOTAL FURNITURE AND EQUIP-	-	(29,316,598)	-	(1,721,332)	-	129,928		(30,908,002)
MENT, net		10,477,305		125,533		_		10,602,838
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING	-	10,477,505	-	120,000	-		-	10,002,000
DEPRECIATED, net		109,896,094		17,468,282		_		127,364,376
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-		-	,,	-		-	.2.,00.,0.0
CAPITAL ASSETS, net		122,089,745	_	48,236,639	_	(6,567,067)		163,759,317
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Capital assets being depreciated								
Furniture and equipment		1,125,062		36,502		_		1,161,564
Accumulated depreciation		(885,524)		(57,849)		_		(943,373)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	-	(000,024)	-	(07,010)	-		=	(0.10,010)
CAPITAL ASSETS, net	_	239,538	_	(21,347)	_	=	_	218,191
CAPITAL ASSETS, net	\$	122,329,283	\$	48,215,292	\$	(6,567,067)	\$	163,977,508

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### **NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

INSTRUCTION	_	
Regular programs	\$	2,975,372
Special programs		1,387,144
Vocational education		318,200
Other instructional programs		41,872
SUPPORT SERVICES		
Pupil personnel services		285,750
Instructional staff services		134,779
Administration services		370,396
Pupil health services		68,953
Business services		62,195
Operation and maintenance of plant services		495,950
Student transportation services		415,396
Central services		160,769
Other services		4,944
NON-INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES		
Student activities		67,797
Community services		36,702
,	_	· · · · · ·
	\$_	6,826,219
Depreciation expense was charged to proprietary functions as follows:		
Food Service Fund	\$_	57,849

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT**

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and the general obligation note are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Totals
			_	
2017	\$ 3,310,000	\$ 5,429,990	\$	8,739,990
2018	3,310,000	5,436,186		8,746,186
2019	3,420,000	5,327,191		8,747,191
2020	4,280,000	5,198,429		9,478,429
2021	4,420,000	5,064,613		9,484,613
2022 to 2026	25,000,000	22,835,634		47,835,634
2027 to 2031	31,995,000	17,215,595		49,210,595
2032 to 2036	39,855,000	9,155,775		49,010,775
2037 to 2038	 18,420,000	906,376	_	19,326,376
			-	
	\$ 134,010,000	\$ 76,569,789	\$	210,579,789

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE H - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

		Maturity
	Interest Rate	Date
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE		
Series of 2006	3.30% to 5.00%	5/1/2027
Series B of 2007	3.60% to 5.00%	2/15/2028
Series of 2012	0.75% to 3.00%	4/15/2024
Series of 2013	0.29% to 4.00%	4/15/2020
Series A of 2015	0.25% to 3.62%	11/1/2036
Series B of 2015	0.25% to 3.31%	11/1/2037
Series C of 2015	0.18% to 5.00%	11/1/2026
Series of 2016	0.70% to 3.00%	2/15/2028
TOTAL BONDS AND		
NOTES PAYABLE		

DEFERRED AMOUNTS
Unamortized bond premium

**COMPENSATED ABSENCES** 

**NET PENSION LIABILITY** 

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

**TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES** 

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
NET PENSION LIABILITY

Compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

In July 2015, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series C of 2015, in the amount of \$32,740,000 for the purpose of advance refunding the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2006, and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. The refunding decreased the District's total debt service payments by \$3,837,655 and resulted in an estimated net present value economic gain of \$3,011,200 for the District.

In June 2016, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2016, in the amount of \$9,245,000 for the purpose of advance refunding the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2007, and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. The refunding decreased the District's total debt service payments by \$1,923,039 and resulted in an estimated net present value economic gain of \$1,701,225 for the District.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	_	Reductions	_	Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
\$	34,300,000	\$ -	\$	(34,300,000)	\$	-	\$	-
	8,755,000	-		(8,755,000)		-		-
	9,395,000	-		(170,000)		9,225,000		170,000
	5,835,000	-		(1,330,000)		4,505,000		1,375,000
	28,780,000	-		(5,000)		28,775,000		5,000
	51,770,000	-		(125,000)		51,645,000		165,000
	-	32,740,000		(2,125,000)		30,615,000		1,470,000
_	<u>-</u>	9,245,000	_			9,245,000		125,000
	138,835,000	41,985,000		(46,810,000)		134,010,000		3,310,000
	9,385,650	3,570,151		(1,700,982)		11,254,819		785,450
	5,325,448	-		(304,711)		5,020,737		502,074
	225,311,000	22,195,000		-		247,506,000		-
_	7,241,989		_	(912,289)	_	6,329,700	_	
\$_	386,099,087	\$67,750,151	\$ <u>_</u>	(49,727,982)	\$ <u></u>	404,121,256	\$ <u></u>	4,597,524
\$ <u>_</u>	4,059,000	\$	\$ <u>_</u>		\$ <u></u>	4,459,000	\$ <u></u>	_

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE I - NONCANCELABLE LEASE OBLIGATION

In December 1995, the Bucks County Technical School Authority (the "Authority") issued 20-year School Revenue Bonds in the aggregate amount of \$35,360,000 for a new technical school and renovations on the old technical school. These bonds were refinanced in 2005. The bonds are secured under a trust indenture between the Authority and Wachovia National Bank by a pledge of, and are payable solely from, lease rentals payable by the Authority's member school districts, which includes the School District, under an assignment of the lease. Thus, the School District is obligated for a portion of the above amount. Each member school district's portion of the debt is based on a calculation of the apportionment of the lease rental among the member school districts made to create an equal millage impact upon all member school districts, which is effective for five years. This apportionment is then adjusted every five years thereafter until the lease expires or all payments are made. The School District made rental payments in the amount of \$762,233 for the year ended June 30, 2016, of which \$652,866 represented principal payments.

Shown below are the School District's future lease payments, based on the apportionment that is binding through fiscal year 2019:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	A	dministrative Fees	-	Totals
2017 2018 2019	\$	687,401 723,866 759,391	\$	79,995 52,715 23,889	\$	5,604 5,604 5,604	\$	773,000 782,185 788,884
	\$_	2,170,658	\$	156,599	\$	16,812	\$	2,344,069

#### NOTE J - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### **General Fund**

Real estate taxes collected within 60 days of the close of the fiscal year are recorded as current revenues. The noncurrent portion of real estate taxes receivable is recorded as deferred inflows of resources until such time as it becomes available. Program grants received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

At June 30, 2016, deferred inflows of resources consisted of delinquent taxes receivable of \$2,771,419.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE K - UNEARNED REVENUE**

#### Food Service Fund

Unearned revenue of \$37,768 in the Food Service Fund represents deferred inflows of donated commodity revenue.

#### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN**

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Pensions** - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **General Information About the Pension Plan**

**Plan Description** - PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided - PSERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement. Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending on membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten vears of service.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

#### **Contributions**

#### **Members Contributions**

- Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.
- Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.
- Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with services rendered on or after January 1, 2002.
- Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and the Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

#### **Employer Contributions**

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was 25.00% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the plan from the School District were \$18,940,000 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$251,965,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was 0.5817%, which was an increase of 0.0022% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense of \$25,157,000. At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	F	Resources		Resources
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES  Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportions Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of total contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	- 8,948,000 1,543,000	\$	1,022,000 501,000 -
			_	
	\$_2	29,096,000	\$_	1,523,000
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES  Difference between expected and actual experience  Net difference between projected and actual	\$	-	\$	18,000
investment earnings		-		9,000
Changes in proportions		161,000		-
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of total contributions  Contributions subsequent to the measurement		28,000		-
date		335,000	-	-
	\$	524,000	\$	27,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

\$18,940,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the new pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	-	Governmental Activities		Susiness-Type Activities
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	1,877,000 1,877,000 1,877,000 3,337,000	\$	34,000 34,000 34,000 60,000
	\$ <sub>=</sub>	8,968,000	\$ <u></u>	162,000

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015, was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment Return 7.5%, includes inflation at 3.00%
- Salary Increases Effective average of 5.50%, which reflects an allowance for inflation of 3.00, real wage growth of 1% and merit or seniority increases of 1.50%
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Table (male and female) with age set back three years for both males and females. For disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back seven years for males and three years for females.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2010. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by the Board at its March 11, 2011 Board meeting and were effective beginning with the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target _Allocation_	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public markets global equity	22.5%	4.8%
Private markets (equity)	15.0%	6.6%
Private real estate	12.0%	4.5%
Global fixed income	7.5%	2.4%
U.S. long treasuries	3.0%	1.4%
TIPS	12.0%	1.1%
High yield bonds	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	3.0%	0.7%
Absolute return	10.0%	4.9%
Risk parity	10.0%	3.7%
MLPs/Infrastructure	5.0%	5.2%
Commodities	8.0%	3.1%
Financing (LIBOR)	<u>-14.0%</u>	1.1%
	100.0%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
School District's proportionate		<b>*</b>	
share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>310,571,000</u>	\$ <u>251,965,000</u>	\$ 202,707,000

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about PSERS's fiduciary net position is available in the PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

#### **NOTE M - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### Plan Description

The School District provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retired employees, spouses and dependents through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefits level, employee contribution and employer contribution are administered by the School Board and can be amended by the School District through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a standalone financial report. The activity of the plan is reported in the School District's General Fund.

#### **Funding Policy**

The School District negotiates the contribution percentage between the School District and employees through union contracts and its personnel policy. The required contribution rates of the employer and the members vary depending on the applicable agreement. The School District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. The costs of administering the plan are paid by the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE M - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the School District's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Name al acat			Ф	00.070
Normal cost	\$	98,076		
Amortization of	f unfunded actuarial accrued li	ability		446,422
Interest				4,413
	ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTR	IBUTION (ARC)		548,911
Interest on net	OPEB obligation			325,890
Adjustment to	ARC			(444,597)
•	ANNUAL OPEB EXPENSE		_	430,204
	ntributions during the year			(1,342,493)
	DECREASE IN NET OPEB O	BLIGATION	-	(912,289)
Net OPEB obli	igation at beginning of year			7,241,989
	NET OPEB OBLIGATION AT	END OF VEAD	Ф	6 220 700
	INE I OPED ODLIGATION AT	END OF TEAR	\$ <u>_</u>	6,329,700
		Percentage		
		of Annual		
	Annual	OPEB Cost		Net OPEB
Year	OPEB Cost	Contributed		Obligation
	<u> </u>	Continuated	_	Obligation
2014	\$ 2,325,105	103.8%	\$	6,841,863
2015	2,352,947	83.0%		7,241,989
2016	430,204	312.1%		6,329,700

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,271,717 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$63,747,914, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 11.41%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE M - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented in the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits over time.

#### **Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5% in 2016, 6.0% in 2017 and to an ultimate rate of 5.5% in 2018-2020. Both rates included a 2.5% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 22 years.

#### **NOTE N - COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

School District employees who are required to work on a 12-month schedule are credited with vacation at rates which vary with length of service or job classification. Vacation (for most employee categories) may be taken or accumulated within certain limits and is paid prior to retirement or termination at the employee's current rate of pay.

The liability to current employees is estimated and will change since unused vacation will be paid at the rate of pay in effect at the time of separation. These accumulated leaves are recorded as an expenditure in the period taken or as an accrued expenditure in the fiscal year of separation. Termination compensation payable in future years, which was \$5,020,737 at June 30, 2016, is recorded in compensated absences in the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE O - RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance

In fiscal year 1996, the School District established a Workers' Compensation Program to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss due to employee claims. This program provides coverage up to a maximum of \$300,000 for each individual worker's compensation occurrence with specific, lower annual maximums over the life of the claim. The School District purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the program.

All School District employees are covered by the program. All salary-paying funds of the School District participate in the program and make payments to the program, which are accounted for in the General Fund, based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current period claims. The self-insurance liability of \$5,686 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the program's claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2016, is presented below:

			Current Year Claims and				
3		Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	1	Market Adjustment	Balance June 30, 2016	
\$	821	\$_	605,330	\$ (581,734)	\$_	(18,731)	\$ 5,686

#### Other Risks

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the School District to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of loss to which it is exposed, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### **NOTE P - SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

In July 2016, the School District contracted with a food service management company for the operation of the food service program. Due to losses from a freezer malfunction, the food service management purchased the School District's inventory for \$60,000.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			_	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Local sources	\$	124,591,507	\$	124,783,007	\$	124,993,407	\$	210,400
State sources		42,017,580		42,331,483		39,626,111		(2,705,372)
Federal sources	_	619,948	_	1,528,569	_	2,935,545	_	1,406,976
TOTAL REVENUES	_	167,229,035	_	168,643,059	_	167,555,063	_	(1,087,996)
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		113,195,289		113,202,577		109,675,145		3,527,432
Support services		48,694,685		50,048,086		46,056,910		3,991,176
Operation of non-instructional services		1,909,865		1,924,942		2,426,808		(501,866)
Facilities acquisition, construction and		.,000,000		.,02 .,0 .2		_,,,		(00.,000)
improvement services		825,491		825,491		683,438		142,053
Debt service		10,126,155		10,126,155		10,473,749		(347,594)
Budgetary reserve		400,000		438,258		-		438,258
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	175,151,485	_	176,565,509	-	169,316,050	-	7,249,459
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(7,922,450)	_	(7,922,450)	_	(1,760,987)	_	6,161,463
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Refunding bonds issued		_		_		41,985,000		41,985,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued		-		-		3,570,151		3,570,151
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_		_		(44,986,193)		(44,986,193)
Transfers, net		(500,000)		(500,000)		(500,000)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	_		_	, , ,	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	
SOURCES (USES)	_	(500,000)	_	(500,000)	_	68,958	_	568,958
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(8,422,450)		(8,422,450)		(1,692,029)		6,730,421
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	41,726,278	_	(41,726,278)
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$_	(8,422,450)	\$_	(8,422,450)	\$ <u></u>	40,034,249	\$_	(34,995,857)

See accompanying note to the budgetary comparison schedule.

NOTE TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2016

#### **NOTE A - BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required.

The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 1, the Business Manager submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The School District also prepares budgets for the Capital Projects Fund. No budget is prepared for the Food Service Fund.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the School District offices to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The Capital Projects Fund budgets are not legally adopted.
- 4. Legal budgetary control is maintained by the School Board at the department level. Transfers between departments, whether between funds or within a fund, or revisions that alter total revenues and expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board. Budgetary information in the combined operating statements is presented at or below the legal level of budgetary control. It also includes the effects of approved budget amendments. There were no budget amendments made in fiscal year 2016.
- 5. Budgetary data are included in the School District's management information system and are employed as a management control device during the year.
- 6. Unused appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year; however, the School District increases the subsequent year's appropriation by an amount equal to outstanding encumbrances and reserves a portion of the fund balance in a like amount.
- 7. The budget for the General Fund is adopted substantially on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying required supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions to the annual budgets during the year).

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015
SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTION OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	0.5817%	0.5795%
SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$ 251,965,000	\$ 229,370,000
SCHOOL DISTRICT'S COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	\$74,849,640_	\$ 73,943,493
SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AS A PERCENTAGE OF ITS COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	336.63%	310.20%
THE PLAN'S FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	45.64%	57.24%

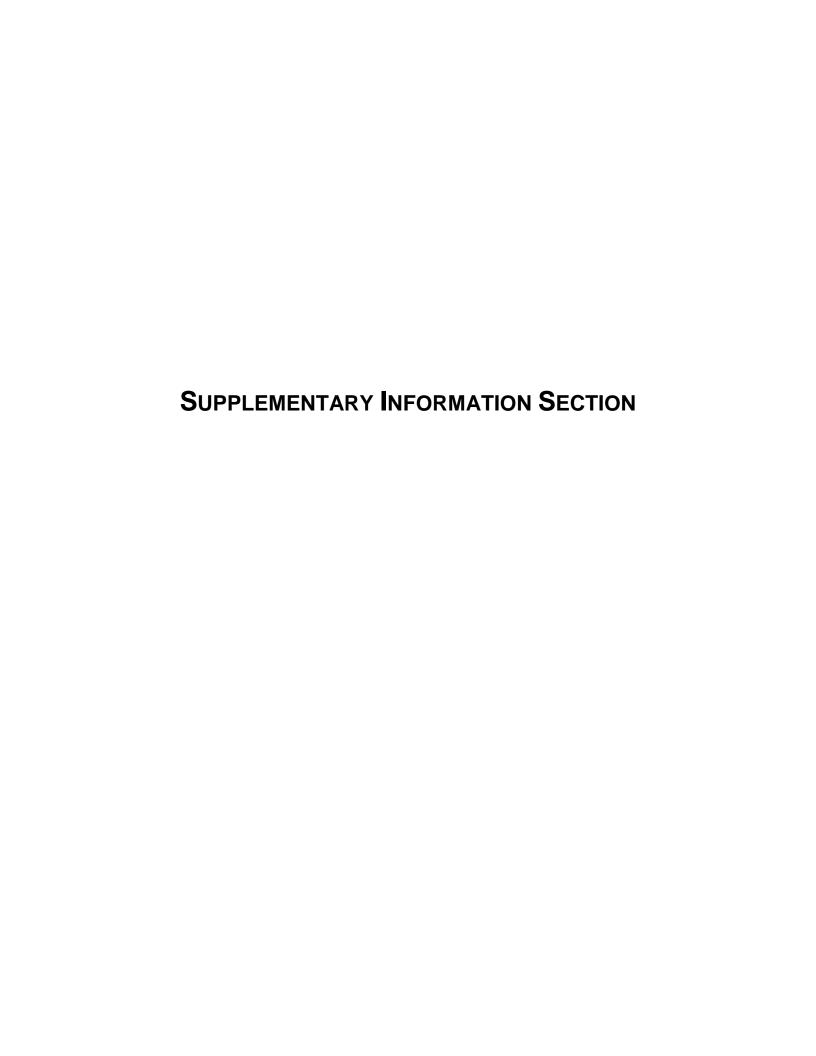
# SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015
CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION	\$ 18,940,000	\$ 15,345,000
CONTRIBUTIONS IN RELATION TO THE CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION	18,940,000	15,345,000
CONTRIBUTION (EXCESS) DEFICIENCY	\$	\$ <u>-</u> _
SCHOOL DISTRICT'S COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	\$ 75,760,000	\$53,632,817_
CONTRIBUTIONS AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	25.00%	28.61%

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION FUNDING PROGRESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS**

				(b)						(f)
				Entry Age						UAAL as a
		(a)		Actuarial		(c)	(d)			Percentage
Valuation		Actuarial		Accrued		Unfunded	Funded		(e)	of Covered
Date		Value of		Liability		AAL (UAAL)	Ratio		Covered	Payroll
January 1,	_	Assets	_	(AAL)	_	(b)-(a)	(a)/(b)	_	Payroll	(c)/(e)
2012	\$		- 9	51,776,275	\$	51,776,275	0.00%	\$	65,111,414	79.52%
2014			-	12,016,025		12,016,025	0.00%		62,703,898	19.16%
2016			-	7,271,717		7,271,717	0.00%		63,747,914	11.41%



SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

GENERAL FUND REVENUES  Local sources		
Taxes, current and interim real estate	\$	114,816,842
Real estate transfer tax	Ψ	2,045,866
Public utility realty tax		142,515
Public current per capita tax		391,924
Current business privilege tax		1,500,453
Current mercantile tax		1,315,134
Current occupational privilege tax		172,648
Amusement tax		602,270
Delinquent taxes (all levies)		2,709,252
TOTAL TAXES	_	123,696,904
Receipts from Pennsylvania school districts		94,398
Earnings from temporary deposits and investments		144,778
Rent from school and other facilities		481,101
Miscellaneous revenue		576,226
TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES	_	124,993,407
State sources	_	124,000,401
Basic instructional subsidy		12,757,263
Special education		7,853,914
Transportation		1,287,788
Health service		184,724
Tuition for orphans and court placed children (Sections 1305		101,721
and 1306)		26,897
Retirement subsidy		9,623,288
Social Security subsidy		2,584,763
Rental payment subsidy		847,194
Property tax reduction allocation		3,591,192
Miscellaneous grants		869,088
TOTAL STATE SOURCES	_	39,626,111
Federal sources		
Title I		582,799
Other federal programs and grants		2,352,746
TOTAL FEDERAL SOURCES	_	2,935,545
	_	, , , , , , , ,
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUES	\$_	167,555,063

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Activity Fund						
	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$461,544_	\$ 1,492,675	\$(1,392,770)	\$561,449			
LIABILITIES Due to student groups	\$461,544_	\$1,492,675_	\$ (1,392,770)	\$561,449			



# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Neshaminy School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Neshaminy School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2016.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Neshaminy School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Neshaminy School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Neshaminy School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Neshaminy School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oaks, Pennsylvania December 14, 2016

Marllio LLP



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program;
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of
Federal Awards in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Neshaminy School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Neshaminy School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Neshaminy School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Neshaminy School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Neshaminy School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Neshaminy School District's compliance.

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Neshaminy School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Neshaminy School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Neshaminy School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Neshaminy School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of School Directors Neshaminy School District Langhorne, Pennsylvania

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required By the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Neshaminy School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Neshaminy School District's basic financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Purpose of this Report

Marlio LLP

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oaks, Pennsylvania December 14, 2016

# Supplementary Information - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND CERTAIN STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education				
Title I	1	84.010	013-150277	August 6, 2014 to September 30, 2015
Title I	1	84.010	013-160277	August 31, 2015 to September 30, 2016
Academic Achievement Award	1	84.010	077-150277	March 13, 2015 to September 30, 2016
TOTAL TITLE I				
Title III, Language Instruction ESL	1	84.365	010-140277	July 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014
Title III, Language Instruction ESL	1	84.365	010-150277	July 1, 2014 to September 30, 2015
Title III, Language Instruction ESL	1	84.365	010-160277	August 31, 2015 to September 30, 2016
TOTAL TITLE III				
Title II, Part A	1	84.367	020-140277	July 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014
Title II, Part A	1	84.367	020-150277	August 6, 2014 to September 30, 2015
Title II, Part A	1	84.367	020-160277	August 31, 2015 to September 30, 2016
TOTAL TITLE II				
Passed through the Bucks County Intermediate Unit				
IDEA	I	84.173	N/A	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
IDEA	1	84.173	N/A	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
IDEA	1	84.027	N/A	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATIO CLUSTER	N			
TOTAL FORWARD				

See accompanying notes to the federal and certain state awards.

C	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2015	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2016	Passed Through to Sub-Recipients
\$	585,637	\$ 37,878	\$ (90,562)	\$ 128,440	\$ 128,440	\$ -	\$ -
	673,287	514,668	-	577,799	577,799	63,131	-
	48,915	24,405	19,405	5,000	5,000		
		576,951	(71,157)	711,239	711,239	63,131	
	16,802	2,981	(7,331)	8,523	8,523	(1,789)	-
	21,386	10,693	5,286	5,407	5,407	-	-
	23,207	14,919	-	9,076	9,076	(5,843)	-
		28,593	(2,045)	23,006	23,006	(7,632)	
	249,989	-	(78,476)	-	-	(78,476)	
	249,107	177,863	16,018	161,845	161,845	-	-
	249,659	196,161		81,954	81,954	(114,207)	
		374,024	(62,458)	243,799	243,799	(192,683)	
	7,098	7,098	7,098	-	-	-	-
	5,904	-	-	5,904	5,904	5,904	-
1	1,832,113	1,742,671	<u> </u>	1,832,112	1,832,112	89,441	
		1,749,769	7,098	1,838,016	1,838,016	95,345	
		\$2,729,337_	\$(128,562)	\$2,816,060	\$2,816,060_	\$ (41,839)	\$

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND CERTAIN STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Federal	Pass-Through	Grant Period
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	CFDA Number	Grantor's Number	Beginning/ Ending Date
Granton Togram of Cluster Title	Code	Number	Number	Litting Date
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education				
E.L.E.C.T. Fatherhood Program	1	93.558	4100060965	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
E.L.E.C.T. Fatherhood Program	I	93.558	4100060965	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
E.L.E.C.T. Grant	1	93.558	110-110017	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
E.L.E.C.T. Grant	1	93.558	110-110017	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
TOTAL E.L.E.C.T. GRANT				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture				
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555*	N/A	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
Passed through the Pennsylvania  Department of Education  Child Nutrition Cluster				
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555*	N/A	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555*	N/A	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
School Breakfast Program	1	10.553*	N/A	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
School Breakfast Program	1	10.553*	N/A	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				

_	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2015	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2016	Passed Through to Sub-Recipients
\$	69,362	\$ 58,689	\$ 58,689 \$	- \$	- ;	\$ -	\$ -
	41,246	-	-	41,246	41,246	41,246	-
	236,175	153,532	153,532	-	-	-	-
	230,111	<u> </u>		230,111	230,111	230,111	
		212,221	212,221	271,357	271,357	271,357	
		152,803 (a	a) (29,725) (b)	144,760 (c)	144,760 (c)	(37,768)	-
	N/A	137,343	137,343	-	-	-	-
	N/A	652,103	-	934,015	934,015	281,912	-
	N/A	31,404	31,404	-	-	-	-
	N/A	133,255		203,214	203,214	69,959	<u>-</u>
		\$1,106,908	\$ 139,022 \$	51,281,989\$	1,281,989	\$ 314,103	\$

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND CERTAIN STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  TOTAL FORWARDED				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES TOTAL FORWARDED  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
SUBTOTAL FORWARDED				
National School Lunch Program	S	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
National School Lunch Program	S	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
School Breakfast Program	S	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
School Breakfast Program	S	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
TOTAL FEDERAL AND CERTAIN STATE AWARDS				

LESS STATE SHARE

TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS

Footnotes: Source Codes:

(a) Total amount of foods received from the Department of Agriculture.

(b) Beginning inventory at July 1, 2015.

(c) Total amount of foods used.

(d) Ending inventory at June 30, 2016.

I = Indirect funding

S = State share

\* = Major program

Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2015	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	 Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2016		Passed Through to ub-Recipients
	\$ 2,729,337	\$ (128,562)	\$ 2,816,060	\$ 2,816,060	\$ (41,839)	\$_	
	212,221	212,221	271,357	271,357	271,357		
	1,106,908	139,022	1,281,989	1,281,989	314,103	_	
N/A	9,691	9,691	-	-	-		-
N/A	47,684	-	66,592	66,592	18,908		-
N/A	3,721	3,721	-	-	-		-
N/A	8,508		14,462	14,462	5,954	_	
	1,176,512	152,434	1,363,043	1,363,043	338,965		<u> </u>
	4,118,070	236,093	4,450,460	4,450,460	568,483		-
	(69,604)	(13,412)	(81,054)	(81,054)	(24,862)		
	\$ 4,048,466	\$ 222,681	\$ 4,369,406	\$ 4,369,406	\$ 543,621	\$	

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND CERTAIN STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE A - GENERAL**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and certain state awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the Neshaminy School District. The School District reporting entity is defined in Note A to the School District's basic financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies is included on the schedule.

#### **NOTE B - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and certain state awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note A to the School District's basic financial statements.

#### NOTE C - RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal revenue recognized in the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund is reconciled to the schedule of expenditures of federal and certain state awards as follows:

FEDERAL REVENUE RECOGNIZED IN
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
General Fund
Enterprise Fund

STATE MATCHING FUNDS
National School Lunch Program

\$ 3,006,605
1,281,747
4,288,352

81,054

\$ 4,369,406

#### **NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATES**

The School District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis direct cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance, Section 414.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2016

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Neshaminy School District.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Neshaminy School District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards in Accordance With the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major award programs for the Neshaminy School District expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Circular.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Program Program	CFDA
Special Education Cluster	84.027, 84.173

The threshold used for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

8. Neshaminy School District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.